

On the occasion of the celebrations at Quebec Canada was honoured by the presence of many distinguished official representatives of other countries in the British Empire and of the great and friendly republics of the United States and France,—countries whose citizens share with Canada the glorious heritage of the past and who are happily bound to her by indissoluble ties of kindred origin and present friendship. His Majesty the King was represented by his son, the heir to the throne, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, whose presence in this capacity lent to the proceedings a distinction which nothing else could give. In addition to the members of His Royal Highness's personal staff, Great Britain was represented by the Duke of Norfolk, K.G., hereditary Earl Marshal of England, and Field Marshal Earl Roberts, K.G. Lord Roberts was able subsequently to visit Montreal and Ottawa, where he was welcomed with delight by the citizens and by the veteran soldiers who served under him in South Africa. Australia was represented by the Earl of Dudley, New Zealand by the Earl of Ranfurly, South Africa by the Right Hon. Sir Henry de Villiers and Newfoundland by the Hon. J. G. Pitts. There were also present the lineal descendants and members of the families of the illustrious soldiers who led the armies of England and France on the battlefields of Quebec, viz. Mr. George Wolfe, Comte Bertrand de Montcalm, the Marquis de Lévis, the Marquis de Lévis Mirepoix, Captain the Hon. Arthur Murray, M.P., Lord Lovat and Captain the Hon. Dudley Carleton. The United States was represented by Mr. Charles W. Fairbanks, Vice-President of the Republic, and France by Admiral Jauréguiberry, M. Louis Herbette, Conseiller d'Etat, M. de Loynes, Consul General of France at Montreal and by the Mayor of Brouage, Champlain's birthplace.

The British fleet was represented by eight war vessels which anchored in the St. Lawrence in front of Dufferin terrace and the citadel of Quebec. They consisted of the four battleships Exmouth, Albemarle, Russell and Duncan, of the two cruisers Venus and Arrogant, and of the two armoured cruisers Indomitable and Minotaur. The Prince of Wales arrived in the Indomitable, to which the Minotaur acted as escort. There were also at Quebec the French battleship Léon Gambetta, the cruiser Amiral Aube and the United States battleship New Hampshire.

Brief mention must be made of the principal items of the programme which was carried out in honour of Champlain as founder of Quebec and of the dedication of the battlefields as a national park. The ceremonies on Thursday, July 23, were in special honour of the memory of Champlain. A facsimile of the "Don de Dieu," the vessel in which he crossed the Atlantic, formed part of an interesting historical representation of the principal scenes connected with his landing and with the founding of Quebec.

Official representation of other countries.

The British, French and American fleets.

Programme of the celebrations.